

# POTOSI JOURNAL

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A Progressive who joins the Democratic party is working only on the reverse gear.

When Justice Hughes comes up with his speech of acceptance the Democrats will go down in gloom.

The Democrats never even took the trouble to explain why they failed to reduce the high cost of living.

Say, Mrs. Housewife, what do you think of that dollar's worth of sugar you are getting now days? Remember, Wilson "done" it.

Maybe Wilson sat and water-fallingly waited because his dear friend George IV asked him to, and that is why the Democratic platform is so silent on the subject, perhaps.

It is reported that Governor Wilson can't steam-roller over his pretty little vice-presidential boom and crashed so that it wasn't even recognized in the convention.

We would advise the Democrats to go a little slow about nominating Joe Rouch for Governor. If Joe were nominated and elected he would probably see all his "reasons" on the state pay roll, and what chance would "deserving" Democrats have then?

The state treasury is not "bursting" according to the editorial writer for the Democratic press. State Treasurer Brad's still promptly paying all warrants presented, but State Auditor Gordon is drawing no warrants until he is sure the treasury has a little cash on hand.

The Colonel will give us and to the Republican ticket this year, and consequently the Dems are now splitting hairs and calumny at him, where four years ago they were patting him on the back and gloating over him. They have never indicated a spark of gratitude for the four years at the side of the water he gave them.

According to some of the editorials we see in the Democratic exchanges, everything the Republicans do is at the dictation of the "bosses," and yet in their recent national convention the Democrats sat supine under the dictation of the man in the White House. The Democratic party is so boss ridden today that it finds itself compelled to holler "bossism" at the Republicans to make itself a little more personable.

Our Democratic exchanges are fawning over their party platform recently adopted at St. Louis, but if we may judge the party by the way it treated its national platform of 1912, it is but fair to say that its new platform has nothing in it other than "molehazes to draw flies." After the election of Mr. Wilson in 1912, he treated the platform on which he was elected as a mere scrap of paper. A Democratic promise to the people is never allowed to influence the conduct of Democrats in office.

The cartridges and shells that the Mexicans are killing American citizens and soldiers with nowadays were supplied to them by certain patriotic citizens on this side of the border, who claim the right to sell such articles to anyone who can pay for them and come and take them away. However, for our benighted mind such transactions smack more of disloyalty and traitorous conduct than such little acts as criticising the President of the United States for maintaining a lopsided neutrality in the European war.

The young German-American citizens are shaming President Wilson and Colonel Roosevelt by their promptness in offering their services and lives in defense of the United States since the Mexican war cloud blew up. The charge of disloyalty prefer-

red by these two worthies against our "hyphenated" citizens had no other foundation than a sordid political aspiration. As citizens, the German-Americans still have the right to vote and to vote as their conscience dictates. No true-spirited American, whatever his racial descent may be, would vote for a man who gratuitously insults the voter because of racial ties. Men are men for a' that. It was with no thought of disloyalty to the United States that the "hyphenates" turned against Mr. Wilson, but because they felt that they had a just grievance.

A few years ago a Pennsylvania youth had to talk a bunch of scrub cows twice every day that hardly gave milk enough to pay for the trouble. While the boy was milking he was also thinking and the upshot of his thinking was that he induced his father to let him have the money to invest in some blooded stock. All the neighbors thought the boy was crazy and that the old man was taking to land in the poor-house. The first animal the boy bought was a heifer calf that became "Fondle Lass," the most famous cow in the United States, worth easily \$10,000. This young farmer now has a bunch of cattle, not so large, but valued at over \$200,000, and his neighbors now watch him with envious eyes as he dips oil in his high-power automobile. Moral: Don't go in for scrubs.

The Doe Run Lead Company has just paid off \$2,200,000 of its mortgage bonds, whereupon the Farmington Times remarks that the Doe Run has "prospered wonderfully under Democratic administration." That is a fair sample of how Democratic papers are trying to gull their readers into the belief that the Wilson administration was the creator of the prosperity boom certain industries in this county have experienced in the past eighteen or twenty months. All the Wilson administration had to do with the Doe Run Company's prosperity was the fostering of the war or ders that England and her allies were so keen on placing in this country. Let the Farmington Times, or any other Democratic paper, for that matter, recount the condition of our lead and zinc industries under the Wilson administration up to the time the war orders began. They are both afraid and ashamed to do it. Further, that the Democratic party has no confidence in the continuance of our "prosperity" is indicated in their anxiety to establish a tariff commission that will take steps to block the flood of foreign goods to this country at the moment the European war steps. In other words, they are ready and anxious to adopt a distinct Republican prosperity promoting device to give the country a semblance of real prosperity when the war boom collapses.

## Breakage of Jars in Canning.

When breakage of jars occurs it is due to such causes as—

- (1) Overpacking jars. Corn, pumpkin, peas, lima beans, and sweet potatoes swell or expand in the processing. Do not fill the jars quite full of these products.
- (2) Placing jars in hot water, or vice versa. As soon as the jars are filled with hot sirup or hot water, place immediately in the canner.
- (3) If top cracks during sterilization the wire ball was too tight.
- (4) In steam canner, having too much water in canner. Water should not come above the platform.
- (5) Allowing cold draft to strike the jars when they are removed from the canner.
- (6) Having wire ball too tight, thus breaking jars or glass tops when the lever is forced down.—U. S. Extension Work Service.

FIRST-CLASS JOB  
PRINTING AT JOURNAL  
OFFICE.

## Keep Milk Sweet.

It is no trick at all to keep milk sweet in cold weather. It may stay in the sun for half a day in December without any great damage, but in June and July it must be handled very carefully. Whether the milk or cream is intended for the table, the creamery, or the milk market, it must be sweet to bring the best price.

To keep milk sweet just two simple things must be carefully looked after: (1) it must be cooled as completely and as quickly after milking as possible, and (2) absolute cleanliness of pails, cans and cows must be secured. If this is done, thunder storms will no longer sour the milk. The warm, damp weather we have just before thunder storms really does tend to cause milk to sour if it has not been properly cared for.

This souring takes place because little invisible plants called bacteria get into it in dirt or by lurking in the corners and seams of poorly cleaned pails and cans. The remedy is plain. Keep the bacteria out by using seamless pails and cans and seeing that absolutely no dirt or dust gets into the milk in the stable or anywhere else.—Mo. College of Agr.

## What Wastes the Gasoline.

In an interesting article on the fuel situation, Herbert Chase, chief engineer of the A. C. A., points out a few ways in which the motorist can save much gasoline. He says:

"While discussing the subject of fuel consumption it is well to consider a fact well recognized by all automobile engineers that the fuel consumption of the average car is fully 25 per cent higher than it need be if the operator would see that the carburetor is set and kept in proper adjustment. If all car owners would give this fact the consideration it deserves, not only would their own bills be lower but the average consumption of cars in general would be so much decreased that the smaller demands should operate to decrease the retail price.

Another prolific waste in fuel is that which results from undue friction in the mechanism of the car, notably at the brakes. In nine cases out of ten the brakes drag to a considerable extent, while those of the other 10 per cent are seldom in such perfect adjustment that they do not drag at any point. The resultant friction not only increases the fuel consumption by making necessary the development of more power in the motor but also means more rapid wearing out of the brake lining and brake drums.

"Care should be taken to see that the compression of the motor is not allowed to fall off, due to an accumulation of carbon on the valves or to worn or loose fitting pistons. By observing these simple precautions the fuel consumption of the average car can be decreased from 10 per cent to 30 per cent or even more."—From the Club Journal.

## No Difficulty On That Score.

An old negro mammy who was addicted to the pipe was being lectured on the habit by a Sunday-school teacher. Finally the latter said:

"Do you expect to go to heaven?"  
"Yes, indeed?"  
"But the Bible says nothing unclean shall enter there. Now the breath of the smoker is unclean. What do you say to that?"  
"Well, I reckon I leave my breff behin' when I enter dar." was the old mammy's response.

## They Often Do.

"Who is the lady with the jewels?"  
"My wife."  
"What a beautiful sunburst!"  
"It followed a fearful storm."  
—Exchange.

READ THE JOURNAL, \$1.00.



O. W. RAMSEY  
of Hannock, Mo., candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress, 16th District.

## Financing Pig Clubs.

The bankers in many States are realizing the value of pig club work as a means of materially improving rural conditions, according to club agents of the U. S. Agricultural Department. A few of the bankers have made it possible for worthy club members to secure pigs for their personal notes. In this way a well bred pig is secured and the member can pay for it from the proceeds of the pig as a meat animal or from the sale of offspring in the case of a breeding animal. The member enters into a business agreement with the banker and in this way is relieved from the stigma of charity which is the result when a pig is given outright. This arrangement is a practical means of teaching business methods to the rural young people. It is also a character building process for it is but natural for a boy when treated as a man to act in a manly manner.

This apparent generosity on part of the bankers is in many cases business wisdom. A case in point is that of a Texas bank. The president of the bank placed 200 pigs among the pig club members of his county. As a result of the acquaintance made in securing and placing these pigs, many new patrons were secured. These patrons brought in over \$75,000 in individual deposits. Needless to say this was profitable business for the bank, but it is also a means that will increase with time in its beneficial influence. One of the Texas papers states that the banker "has laid the foundation for a prosperity which will be lasting. The boys that he helped to get started in the hog business are now on their feet financially and before many years will be making big shipments of hogs to market each year. The money received from the sale of hogs will be expended in further developing the county. Every merchant in the county will profit, the banks will get more deposits and the farmers will have more money with which to develop their farms."

Russian Capital Well Defended.  
At Paterhof, fifteen miles west of Petrograd, the main road to the Russian capital has been prepared for fighting. Gun emplacements and trenches have been constructed in woods and gardens along the road side, and platforms, reached by ladders of spikes driven into trunk trees, have been built among the branches, so that machine-guns may sweep long stretches of the road.

## Notice of Foreclosure Under School Fund Mortgage.

Certified Copy of Order.  
State of Missouri, ss.  
County of Washington, ss.  
Adjourning May Term, 1916.  
In the County Court of said county, on the 9th day of June, 1916, the following, among other proceedings, were had, viz.:  
Order of Sale.  
In the matter of school fund bond of James A. Shields and Nellie Shields, his wife.  
Whereas, James A. Shields and Nellie Shields, his wife, did on the 9th day of May, 1917, execute and deliver to the County of Washington their certain school fund mortgage in consideration of the sum of six thousand dollars (\$6,000.00) loaned to them out of various capital school funds and township funds of said Washington County.  
And, whereas, it now appears to the court, and the court being duly advised in the premises, that said James A. Shields is now deceased, having died on the 8th day of September, 1911, in Washington County, Missouri, and, whereas, it further appears to the court that under and by virtue of the terms of said school fund mortgage, that the principal of said loan and the interest thereon is now past due and remains unpaid, the Sheriff of Washington County, Missouri, is hereby ordered and directed to foreclose said school fund mortgage, dated the 9th day of May, 1917, which conveyed to the County of Washington the following described lands, to-wit:  
The west half of section twenty-nine (29), containing three hundred and twenty-nine (229) acres, the east half of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), containing eighty (80) acres, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-one (31), containing forty (40) acres, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-two (32), containing forty-one and twelve hundredths (41 12/100) acres, all in township thirty-seven (37) north of range three (3) east, and containing in the aggregate four hundred and ninety (490) acres, more or less. The said Sheriff is hereby ordered and directed that prior to the sale of said mortgaged premises he shall first give thirty days notice of the time, terms and place of sale, and a description of the real estate to be sold, at which time and place, by advertisement in the Potosi Journal, a weekly newspaper published in Washington County, where said sale is to be made at the door of the court house in the town of Potosi, the County seat of Washington County, Missouri, at public auction, for cash in hand, to satisfy said mortgage.

And the clerk of this court is hereby directed and ordered to deliver to the Sheriff of Washington County, Missouri, a duly certified copy of this order.

State of Missouri, ss.  
County of Washington, ss.  
I, George B. Goss, clerk of the county court, in and for said county, hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of the proceedings of said county court, on the day and year above written, at the same appearance of record in my office. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court at Potosi, this 28th day of June, 1916.  
[Seal] George B. Goss, Notary,  
Clerk of the County Court.

Now, therefore, in obedience to the above certified copy of the order of said County Court, to-wit: directed and in pursuance of the conditions in said mortgage and mortgage contained, the undersigned sheriff, will sell the real estate described in the above order as follows:—the west half of section twenty-nine, containing 229 acres, the east half of the southeast quarter of section thirty, containing 80 acres, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-one, containing 40 acres, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-two, containing 41 and 12/100 acres, all in township thirty-seven north of range three east, and lying and being in the County of Washington and State of Missouri, as public lands of the county, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Potosi, county of Washington, State of Missouri, on Saturday, the day of July, 1916, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of satisfying said mortgage and the costs of executing the above order.

L. Travis Carr, Sheriff,  
Sheriff of Washington County, Mo.  
Potosi, Mo., June 27, 1916.

## Order of Publication.

State of Missouri, ss.  
County of Washington, ss.  
In the circuit court, in vacation, August term, 1916.

Robert Fortune, plaintiff,  
vs.  
Alice Fortune, defendant.

The State of Missouri to the above named defendant—kneeling: You are hereby notified that an action has been commenced against you in the circuit court of the county of Washington in the state of Missouri, the purpose of which is to secure a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony.

Now on this day comes Robert Fortune, plaintiff, and files his affidavit and petition, alleging that defendant is not a resident of the state of Missouri, wherefore it is ordered by the clerk in vacation that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has begun action against her to obtain a divorce on the grounds of abandonment without cause or provocation for a period of more than one whole year, before the filing of this suit, which said action is returnable on the first day of the next term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Potosi in the county of Washington and state of Missouri, when and where you may appear and defend such action; otherwise plaintiff's petition will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the Potosi Journal, a newspaper published in said county of Washington, for four weeks successively, published at least once a week, the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of said next August term of this court.  
JOS. CRESSWELL, Circuit Clerk.  
A true copy from the record. Witness my hand and the seal of the circuit court of Washington County this 13th day of June, 1916.  
JOS. CRESSWELL,  
[Seal] Circuit Clerk.

## A B of Merit.

our banks of particulars to banking business.  
OUR VAULT  
FIRE PROOF  
OUR OFFICE  
OUR BANK  
IT IS THE HOME OF  
You can't afford  
LET US P  
HAVING YOU  
OUR BURGLAR AND  
RE RELIABLE  
GOOD RECORD  
FOR ALL CLASSES—  
COMMUNICATIONS.  
overlook these points  
OUR MERIT BY  
COUNT.

BANK POTOSI  
Potosi, MO.

## JAMES A. SHIELDS,

SUCCESSOR TO  
JAS. A. SHIELD & SON.  
ESTABLISHED IN 1888.

REAL ESTATE, ABSTRACTS  
LOANS, INSURANCE

POTOSI, MISSOURI

YOU get more food  
VALUE from the  
DOLLAR

You invest in good white  
flour than from any other  
article of food you buy.

We make the BEST FLOUR.  
We make it from Washington County wheat.  
We call it "WASHINGTON."  
It has a reputation for the best.  
We guarantee it to be the best.  
We ask you to use it.  
You will be pleased if you do.

Potosi Mill and Elevator  
Company.  
POTOSI, MO.

## THURSDAY AT CHAUTAUQUA

To Give a Fine Popular Program, Too.  
The Haydn Vested Choir Have Surprises in Store



This is a picture of the Haydn Vested Choir without their choral vestments. This means that besides the program of sacred music, the Choir is going to give a popular program that will be so full of good things well done that we can't begin to tell about them here. Don't they look as though they could entertain an audience? One glance shows that. The members of the choir from left to right are: Miss Quanton, Miss Farr, Mr. Gaffney, Miss Paden, Miss Burton and Mr. Anderson—everyone of them a cultured professional lady or gentleman, in love with their work and the Chautauqua. Madame Wagner-Shank, their coach, has planned for them some beautiful things in the way of entertainment and music. There is so much talent in the company that they can't begin to make use of it all in the time they have, but every minute will be full of enjoyment. Everybody likes their voices and the songs they sing—especially the old songs. Hear the Haydn Choir at the Chautauqua on the fourth day.